

herbarium sheets exceeding the standards, including all from whole Hubei (Hupeh) and Sichuan (Szechuan).

Since the above geographical types are either transitional or overlapping, it is probably appropriate to regard them as different geographical subspecies of a single species *Lespedeza bicolor* Turcz. Taxonomic treatments are then made herewith. A comparison of the main diagnostic characters and distributional patterns of the three subspecies in question is given in Table 3.

## 昆明榆 — 新变种

### A NEW VARIETY OF *ULMUS KUNMINGENSIS* CHENG

青城榆 肉榔(四川灌县)新变种图 1

*Ulmus kunmingensis* Cheng var. *qingchengshanensis* Yi, var. nov.

A type differt foliis subtus in axillis nervorum haud fasciculato-pilosis, samaris majoribus, (1.5—)2—2.5 cm longis, 1.3—2.1 cm latis.

Sichuan (四川): Guan Xian (灌县), Mountain Qingcheng (青城山), alt. 720m, Yi Tong-pei (易同培) 81081; Same locality, Yi Tong-pei 82010 (Fl.); Same locality, alt. 800m, Yi Tong-pei 82011 (Type deposited in Herb. Forestry School of Sichuan Province, 存四川省林业学校标本室)。

本变种与原变种的区别, 在于它的叶背脉腋(一级与二级脉分叉处, 二级与三级脉分叉处)无簇生毛, 翅果较大, 长(1.5—)2—2.5 厘米, 宽 1.3—2.1 厘米。

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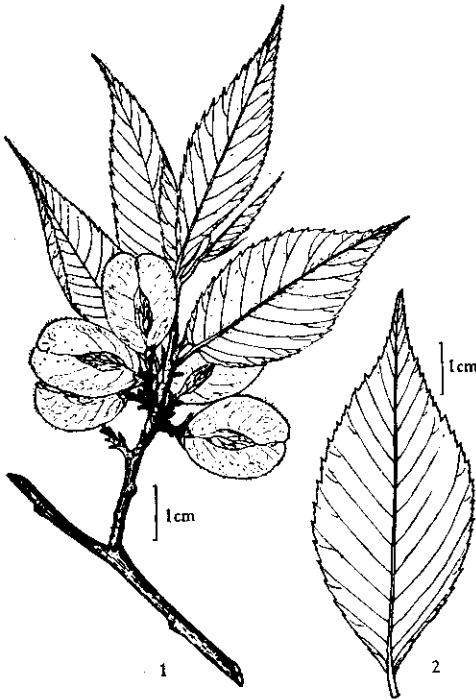


图 1 青城榆 *Ulmus kunmingensis* Cheng var. *qingchengshanensis* Yi  
1. 果枝; 2. 叶。(俞义甫绘)